

1 Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first.

- 0 'Where do you live?' Liam asked me.
Liam asked me where I lived.
- 1 'What did you do?' he asked her.
He asked _____.
- 2 'How many countries have you been to?' I asked Anna.
I asked _____.
- 3 'When can you visit us?' we asked them.
We asked _____.
- 4 'What are you doing?' she asked us.
She asked _____.
- 5 'Do you want to meet later?' Danny asked me.
Danny asked _____.
- 6 'Is the hotel near the beach?' I asked my friend.
I asked _____.
- 7 'Can I leave work early?' asked Ellen.
Ellen asked _____.
- 8 'What will you do in the future?' my aunt asked me.
My aunt asked _____.
- 9 Every day my mum asks me: 'Have you started work?'
My mum always asks _____.
- 10 'Do you work on Saturdays?' I asked Tom.
I asked Tom _____.

/10

2 Match the beginnings (1-5) to the correct endings (a-f).

We need people who are good at ...

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| 0 repairing <u>b</u> | a with people. |
| 1 doing ____ | b things. |
| 2 making ____ | c money. |
| 3 using ____ | d a computer. |
| 4 dealing ____ | e calculations. |
| 5 communicating ____ | f ideas. |

/5

3 Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form.

- 0 People who work hard are usually successful.
If people work (work) hard, they usually do (do) well.
- 1 People who are lazy often do badly in exams.
If people _____ (not work) hard, they _____ (not do / often) well in their exams.
- 2 I want to finish my homework so I can watch the match on TV.
I _____ (not have) time to watch the match on TV if I _____ (not finish) my homework.
- 3 I haven't got any money because I haven't got a job.
If I _____ (have) a job, I _____ (have) some money.
- 4 We can't go out because it's raining.
If it _____ (not rain), we _____ (can / go) out.
- 5 I hope Sam isn't busy this weekend because I want to visit him.
I _____ (visit) Sam this weekend if he _____ (not be) busy.

/10

4 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.

- 0 It's difficult to come up with ideas at meetings because there's no time to think.
- 1 The people in the office _____ on well with each other.
- 2 We need people to _____ out with the Christmas party, so please volunteer.
- 3 I'm _____ forward to your visit in the summer.
- 4 Please get in _____ with me if you have any questions.
- 5 Could you _____ care of my rabbit while I'm on holiday?

/5

TOTAL SCORE

/30

Reading

1 Read the text and put sentences (A-H) in the correct gaps (1-6). There are two extra sentences.

- A For any other work, things are different.
 B First, though, you'll need to have an interview.
 C However, you can still only work for a maximum of twelve hours in a week.
 D It is up to you and your parents to decide if they are safe.
 E Alternatively, you can continue your education in Year Twelve and work part-time.
 F You cannot earn more than this.
 G Do you want to get part-time work?
 H This means delivering newspapers to people's houses before school.

/6

Listening

2 11 Listen to an interview. Are the statements true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 The interviewer doesn't remember the girl's surname. ____
 2 Ann is taking her A levels this year. ____
 3 Ann isn't in the basketball team now. ____
 4 Ann doesn't help with Year Seven and Eight students every Wednesday. ____
 5 There will be a total of twenty students in the camp. ____
 6 The sports trainers don't have to help organise evening activities for the students. ____
 7 The interviewer doesn't know whether he will offer Ann a job or not. ____

/7

Children, work and the law

Are you still at school? ¹ ____ Before you do, read this leaflet to find out what you can and can't do.

First of all, there are some jobs that you are free to do at any age. ² ____ These include working for friends and neighbours, babysitting and any work experience organised by your school. If this is the kind of job you want to do, you don't have to read any further.

³ ____ If you are under thirteen, you are not legally allowed to work at all, not even part-time. If you are between thirteen and sixteen years old, or if you are still at school in Year Eleven or below, a person needs a special licence to employ you.

The most popular job for children is the paper round.

⁴ ____ Unfortunately, recent changes to the law have made this more difficult: school children can't start working until 7 a.m. In fact, on school days and Sundays you can only work two hours a day and you must finish work by 7 p.m. If you are thirteen or fourteen, you may work for a total of five hours on a Saturday, and if you are fifteen or sixteen, you can work for eight hours. ⁵ ____

There are also some jobs that you can't do at all. These include the following:

- working in many factories
- working in construction
- working with transport
- working in restaurants where alcohol is served

Apart from paper rounds, most school children work in shops or fast food restaurants that don't serve alcohol.

Special note for sixteen-year-olds:

If you are sixteen and have finished Year Eleven at school, you may leave school and find a full-time job. ⁶ ____ In both cases, you are now free to work more hours and in more places than thirteen–sixteen-year-olds in Year Eleven or below. However, if you are sixteen and still in Year Eleven, you and your employer must follow the rules above.

Communication

3 Put the words in the correct order.

- 0 you / tell / Could / why / want / me / to / work / you / here / ?

Could you tell me why you want to work here?

- 1 if / you / mind / I / leave / Do / early / ?

- 2 earn / you / I / tell / will / Can / how / me / much / ?

- 3 what / you / time / have / learned / you / your / Can / from / say / here / ?

- 4 have / Saturday / could / you / I / off / think / Do / ?

- 5 ask / questions / you / you / mind / some / Do / if / I / ?

- 6 many / hours / have to / Can / I / you / will / me / work / how / tell / ?

- 7 teach / tools / someone / these / could / use / me / how / you / think / to / Do / ?

/7

TOTAL SCORE

/20